

# Daytona® Small Stature Spinal System - English

**Rx Only Caution:** Federal Law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of physician

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## DESCRIPTION

The Daytona Small Stature Spinal System is a non-cervical spinal fixation device and instrumentation system intended for use as a posterior pedicle screw fixation system, a posterior non-pedicle screw fixation system, or as an anterolateral fixation system. The system consists of single-use implants including polyaxial pedicle screws as well as connecting spinal rods and a separate locking element. All implants are manufactured from Titanium-Ti-6Al-4V ELI per ASTM F136 and Cobalt Chrome Alloy Co-28Cr-6Mo per ASTM F1537.

## INDICATIONS FOR USE

The SeaSpine Daytona Small Stature Spinal System is intended for posterior, non-cervical pedicle fixation to provide immobilization and stabilization of spinal segments in skeletally mature patients as an adjunct to fusion in the treatment of acute and chronic instabilities or deformities of the thoracic, lumbar, and sacral spine. The indications for use are as follows: Degenerative Disc Disease (DDD) as defined by back pain of discogenic origin with degeneration of the disc confirmed by patient history and radiographic studies; Severe spondylolisthesis (Grades 3 and 4) of the L5-S1 vertebra in skeletally mature patients receiving fusion by autogenous bone graft having implants attached to the lumbar and sacral spine (L3 to sacrum) with removal of the implants after the attainment of a solid fusion; Spondylolisthesis; Trauma (i.e., fracture or dislocation); Spinal stenosis; Deformities or curvatures (i.e., scoliosis, kyphosis, and/or lordosis); Spinal tumor; Pseudoarthrosis; and/or Failed previous fusion.

Except for hooks, when used as an anterolateral thoracic/lumbar system, the SeaSpine Daytona Small Stature Spinal System may be used for the above indications as an adjunct to fusion in skeletally mature patients.

When used for posterior non-cervical pedicle screw fixation in pediatric patients, the Daytona Small Stature Spinal System is indicated as an adjunct to fusion in the treatment of progressive spinal deformities (i.e., scoliosis, kyphosis, or lordosis) including adolescent idiopathic scoliosis (AIS), neuromuscular scoliosis, and congenital scoliosis. Additionally, the Daytona Small Stature Spinal System is intended to treat pediatric patients diagnosed with spondylolisthesis/spondylolysis, fracture caused by tumor and/or trauma, pseudoarthrosis, and/or failed previous fusion. The devices are to be used with autograft and/or allograft. Pediatric pedicle screw fixation is limited to a posterior approach.

The Daytona® Small Stature Spinal System can be attached to SeaSpine's Atoll™ OCT Spinal System, Sierra™ Spinal System, or Malibu™ Spinal System using the rod connectors. Refer to the Atoll™, Sierra™, or Malibu™ System's Package Insert for the indications for use for those systems.

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	Single Use Only		Catalog Number
	Lot Number (Batch Code)		Non-Sterile
	Authorized Representative in the European Community		Caution, Consult Accompanying Documents
	Manufacturer		Product Complies with the Requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC (Class I Devices Only)
	Product Complies with the Requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC		Consult Instructions for Use <a href="http://www.seaspine.com/elfu">www.seaspine.com/elfu</a>
			Material

## IMPLANT MATERIALS

Titanium alloy- Ti-6Al-4V ELI per ASTM F136 and Cobalt Chrome alloy Co-28Cr-6Mo per ASTM F1537

## CONTRAINDICATIONS

Any medical or surgical condition which would preclude the potential benefit of spinal implant surgery is a contraindication. The following conditions may reduce the chance of a successful outcome and should be taken into consideration by the surgeon. This list is not exhaustive:

- **Absolute contraindications:**
  - Infection in or around the operative site
  - Allergy or sensitivity to implant materials
  - Any case not described in the indication
- **Relative contraindications:**
  - Local inflammation
  - Morbid obesity
  - Pregnancy
  - Fever or leukocytosis
  - Prior fusion at the level(s) to be treated
  - Grossly distorted anatomy due to congenital abnormalities
  - Rapid joint disease, bone absorption, osteopenia, and/or osteoporosis
  - Elevation of sedimentation rate unexplained by other diseases, elevation of white blood count (WBC), or a marked left shift in the WBC differential count
  - Any case not requiring bone graft and fusion or where fracture healing is not required
  - Patients having inadequate tissue coverage over the operative site or where there is inadequate bone stock, bone quality, or anatomical definition
  - Unsuitable or insufficient bone support
  - Bone immaturity
  - The patient's activity level, mental condition, occupation and/or a patient unwilling to cooperate with the postoperative instructions
  - Any case where implant utilization would interfere with anatomical structures or expected physiological performance
  - Use of incompatible materials from other systems.

## ADDITIONAL CONTRAINDICATIONS FOR PEDIATRIC PATIENTS

- Any case where the implant components selected for use would be too large or too small to achieve a successful result.
- Any patient in which implant utilization would interfere with anatomical structures or expected physiological performance.

## POSSIBLE ADVERSE EVENTS

Like other spinal system implants, the following adverse events are possible. This list is not exhaustive:

- Delayed union or nonunion (pseudarthrosis)
- Bending, disassembly or fracture of implant and components

- Loosening of spinal fixation implants may occur due to inadequate initial fixation, latent infection, and/or premature loading, possibly resulting in bone erosion, migration or pain
- Pain, discomfort, or abnormal sensations due to the presence of the device
- Pressure on skin where inadequate tissue coverage exists over the implant, with potential extrusion through the skin.
- Dural leak requiring surgical repair.
- Cessation of growth of the fused portion of the spine.
- Subsidence of the implant into adjacent bone.
- Loss of proper spinal curvature, correction, height and/or reduction.
- Increased biomechanical stress on adjacent levels.
- Improper surgical placement of the implant causing stress shielding of the graft or fusion mass.
- Intraoperative fissure, fracture, or perforation of the spine.
- Postoperative fracture due to trauma, defects, or poor bone stock.
- Serious complications associated with any surgery may occur. These include, but are not limited to: wound complications, infection, genitourinary disorders, gastrointestinal disorders, vascular disorders, including thrombus; bronchopulmonary disorders, including emboli; bursitis, hemorrhage, myocardial infarction, paralysis or death.

## ADDITIONAL ADVERSE EFFECTS FOR PEDIATRIC PATIENTS

- Inability to use pedicle screw fixation due to limitations (pedicle dimensions and/or distorted anatomy).
- Pedicle screw malpositioning, with or without neurological or vascular injury.
- Proximal or distal junctional kyphosis.
- Pancreatitis.
- Implant prominence (symptomatic or asymptomatic).
- Post-operative change in spinal curvature, loss of correction, height, or reduction.
- Development of respiratory problems (e.g., pulmonary embolism, atelectasis, bronchitis, pneumonia, etc.)

## WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- Patients with previous spinal surgery at the level(s) to be treated may have different clinical outcomes compared to those without previous surgery. The safety and effectiveness of spinal systems have been established only for spinal conditions with significant mechanical instability or deformity requiring fusion with instrumentation. These conditions are significant mechanical instability or deformity of the spine
- secondary to severe spondylolisthesis, degenerative spondylolisthesis with objective evidence of neurological impairment, fracture, dislocation,

scoliosis, kyphosis, spinal tumor and failed previous fusion (pseudarthrosis). The safety and effectiveness of these devices for any other condition is unknown.

- The implantation of this system should be performed only by experienced spinal surgeons with specific training in the use of this device because this is a technically demanding procedure presenting a risk of serious injury to the patient.
- The surgeon should consider the levels of implantation, patient weight, patient activity level, other patient conditions, etc. which may impact the performance of the system.
- Ensure all implants, components or instruments are sterilized prior surgery. The use of non-sterile devices may lead to inflammation, infection or disease.
- Implants should never be reused under any circumstances. A used implant should be discarded. While the implant may appear undamaged, it may have small defects or internal stress patterns and if implanted, could fail to perform as intended and pose safety risks to the patient. The risks include, but are not limited to, mechanical failure, breakage, difficulty with implantation, incompatibility with mating components and infection.
- To achieve the best results, unless otherwise specifically described in another SeaSpine document, do not use Daytona Small Stature components in conjunction with components from any other system or manufacturer.

**MRI SAFETY**

This device has not been evaluated for safety and compatibility in the MR environment. It has not been tested for heating, migration, or image artifact in the MR environment. The safety of this device in the MR environment is unknown. Scanning a patient who has this device may result in patient injury.

**CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION**

All instruments and implants that have been previously taken into a sterile surgical field must be decontaminated and cleaned using established hospital methods before sterilization and reintroduction into the sterile surgical field. The following recommendations are for the manual cleaning and decontamination of surgical instruments. These recommendations are considered guidelines with the ultimate responsibility for verifying adequate cleaning remaining with the user. Automated cleaning systems differ between hospitals and therefore must be qualified by the hospital.

**Manual Cleaning Procedure**

1	Remove all gross visible soil with a damp gauze pad or wipe.
2	Prepare an enzymatic cleaning solution (such as Prolystica® 2X Enzymatic) per manufacturer’s instructions.
3	Immerse the instruments in the cleaning solution and actuate all features so the enzymatic cleaner contacts all mated surfaces and soak for 15 minutes.
4	Transfer the instruments to fresh cleaning solution (such as Prolystica® 2X Enzymatic). Thoroughly scrub all instruments with a soft bristle cleaning brush while immersed in the enzymatic cleaning solution. Be sure that thorough scrubbing also includes any lumens with an appropriate size brush. Actuate device to allow access to hard to reach areas.
5	Thoroughly rinse all instruments with warm running water and dry with a clean cloth and/or allow to air dry.

**Automated Cleaning Procedure**

1	Remove all gross visible soil with a damp gauze pad or wipe. Special attention will be required to examine products with tight crevices, voids, and lumens. Lumens may require pre-cleaning with dampened soft bristle brushes and tight crevices, voids, lumens should be flushed with a syringe.
2	Prepare an enzymatic cleaning solution (such as Prolystica® 2X) per manufacturer’s instructions. Immerse the instruments in the cleaning solution and actuate all features so the enzymatic cleaner contacts all mated surfaces and soak for 15 minutes.
3	Transfer items to a washer and run a cycle with the parameters listed in the following steps.
4	PRE-WASH: Cold tap water [2 minutes].
5	ENZYME WASH: Enzyme wash using cleaner (such as Prolystica® 2X Enzymatic) per manufacturer’s recommendations, hot tap water [4 minutes].
6	DETERGENT WASH: Detergent wash using detergent (such as Prolystica® 2X Alkaline) per manufacturer’s recommendations, hot tap water (66°C/150°F) [2 minutes].
7	RINSE 1: Rinse, hot tap water [2 minutes].
8	RINSE 2: Purified water rinse (66°C/150°F) [15 seconds].
9	DRYING: Hot air dry (82°C/180°F) [12 minutes].
10	Remove items from the washer and remove any residual moisture with a lint free clean cloth.

**STERILIZATION**

The implants, components and instrumentation in the Daytona Small Stature System are to be sterilized by the hospital prior to surgery.

Double wrap trays using FDA-cleared sterilization wraps (2 wraps). The recommended sterilization cycle will provide a Sterility Assurance Level of (SAL 10<sup>-6</sup>). Following AAMI ST79 guidelines, the validated sterilization cycle for a fully loaded tray is:

<b>Method</b>	Steam
<b>Cycle</b>	Pre-vacuum
<b>Temperature and Exposure Time</b>	270°F (132°C) for 4 minutes
<b>Drying Time</b>	30 minutes

**PACKAGING**

All packages containing implants should be sealed and intact upon receipt. If the package or product is damaged, the product should not be used and should be returned. The product must be handled, stored, and opened in such a way that it is protected from inadvertent damage or contamination. If a loaner or consignment system is used, all sets should be carefully checked for completeness and all components should be carefully checked for damage before use.

**SURGICAL TECHNIQUE**

This package insert is designed to assist in using the product and is not intended to provide information on surgical technique. Contact a SeaSpine Representative, [customerservice@seaspine.com](mailto:customerservice@seaspine.com) or +1-760-727-8399 for a Surgical Technique Guide.

**IMPLANT SELECTION**

Verify that all parts and necessary instruments are present prior to surgery, including sizes larger and smaller than

those that are expected for use. The construct should be assembled prior to surgery.

**PREOPERATIVE WARNINGS**

- Only patients that meet the criteria described in the indications should be selected.
- Patient condition and/or predispositions such as those described in the contraindications should be avoided.
- Care should be used in the handling and storage of the implants. The implants should not be scratched or damaged. Implants and instruments should be protected during storage and from corrosive environments.
- All non-sterile parts should be cleaned and sterilized before use. Additional sterile components should be available in case of unexpected need.
- Devices should be inspected for damage prior to implantation.
- Care should be used during surgical procedures to prevent damage to the device(s) and injury to the patient.

**INTRAOPERATIVE WARNINGS**

- Consult Surgical Technique Guide for system specific intraoperative warnings, precautions and recommendations.
- Extreme caution should be used around the spinal cord and nerve roots. Damage to the nerves will cause loss of neurological function.
- Breakage, slippage, or misuse of instruments or implant components may cause injury to the patient or operative personnel.
- Bone graft must be placed in the area to be fused and the graft must be in contact with viable bone.
- Implants and components should not be bent, reshaped, contoured or otherwise modified.
- Use great care to ensure that the implant surfaces are not scratched or notched which may reduce the functional strength of the construct.
- If the construct contains screws, prior to soft tissue closure, recheck all screws to ensure they are tightened. Failure to do so may cause loosening of the other components.

**POSTOPERATIVE WARNINGS**

- Surgeons should advise patients regarding the risks of surgery and the importance of post-operative compliance.
- The patient should be advised to limit and restrict physical activities, especially lifting and twisting motions and any type of sport participation.
- The patient should be advised that implants may bend, break or loosen despite restriction in activity.
- The patient should be advised to avoid mechanical vibrations that may loosen the device.
- The patient should be advised not to smoke or consume alcohol during recovery.

**COMPLAINTS**

Immediately notify SeaSpine or a SeaSpine representative by phone, fax or email regarding complaints, malfunctions or adverse events associated with this product. When possible, retain the product involved in the complaint and return to SeaSpine as instructed by SeaSpine Customer Service.

**PRODUCT INFORMATION DISCLOSURE**

SeaSpine has exercised reasonable care in the selection of materials and the manufacture of these products. SeaSpine warrants to the original purchaser only that each new SeaSpine product is free from manufacturing defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of six (6) months from the date of delivery by SeaSpine to the original purchaser, but in no event beyond the expiration date stated on any product labeling. SEASPINE DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY

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